

Seeding Big Sagebrush in Utah

WILDLIFE RESOURCES



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Major Threats

Loss, Degradation, Fragmentation of Habitat Due to:

- Catastrophic wildfire
- •Pinyon-juniper expansion
- Loss of understory species
- •Invasive species (Cheatgrass)



Utah Watershed Restoration Initiative

- A Watershed, Broad Landscape, Cross-Boundary, Solutions Oriented Partnership
- Collaborative-Proactive Effort
- Common Core Goals
 - Wildlife and Biological Diversity
 - Water Quality and Yield for all Uses
 - Opportunities for Sustainable Uses
- Locally Led Teams Develop and Implement Projects
- Partners Include
 - USFS, BLM, SITLA, USFWS, NRCS, NPS, UDAF, Farm Services Agency, Private Landowners, Sportsman Groups, Academia, Local Governments, Industry, Energy, Etc.

wildlife.utah.gov/watersheds/



Watershed Restoration Initiative



- Goal of 100,000 acres treated annually
- 1.3 million acres treated since 2004
- \$179 million invested since 2004
- Numerous treatment methods, habitat types, and objectives
- wri.utah.gov

Great Basin Research Center and Seed Warehouse

- Seed Resources and Restoration Equipment
- Range Trend Monitoring
- Research and Plant Materials
 Development





Providing Logistical Support for Restoration Projects

- Seed Resources
 - Bulk seed acquisition for all WRI projects to reduce cost
 - Custom seed mixing to meet project goals
 - Provide plant materials suited to site potential
 - Ability to respond to emergency wildfire restoration projects



UDWR Seed Warehouse

- Warehouse constructed in 2004 with an expansion in 2010
- Increased storage capacity from 650,000 lbs to 1.25 million lbs
 - 1.1 million lbs in temperature controlled warehouse
 - 150,000 lbs in cold storage
- BLM Seed Network
- Diversify fire rehab mixes with shrubs and forbs



Seeding Big Sagebrush

Recommended Seeding Methods from Great Basin Fact Sheet (2015):

- Late fall or early winter
 - Seed on snow
 - "January is generally the best month to seed."
- Broadcast onto disturbed soil
- Lightly cover seed
- Drill very shallow 1/16 inch
 Packer Wheels
- Wheel packer



Recommended Seeding Rates

Recommendation	Reference					
0.2-0.5 PLS	Jacobs, Jim, Joseph D. Scianna, and Susan R. Winslow. 2011. Big sagebrush					
	establishment. Natural Resources Conservation Service, Plant Materials					
ibs/acre	Technical Note No. MT-68.					
0.1 PLS	Lambert, Scott M. 2001. Seeding considerations in restoring big sagebrush habitat.					
	Nancy L. Shaw, Mike Pellant, Stephen B. Monsen, (compilers). 2005. Sage grouse					
lbs/acre	habitat restoration symposium proceedings; 2001 June 4–7; Boise, ID.					
	Proceedings RMRS-P-38. Fort Collins, CO: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest					
	Service, Rocky Mountain Research Station.					
0.25-0.5 PLS	Meyer, Susan. 1994. Germination and establishment ecology of big sagebrush:					
	Implications for community restoration. P. 244-251. In: S. B. Monsen and S. G.					
lbs/acre	Kitchen (compilers). Proceedings of Symposium on the Ecology, Management,					
	and Restoration of Intermountain Annual Rangelands, May 18-21, 1992, Boise					
	ID. USDA Forest Service General Technical Publication INT-GTR-313.					
5-9 live	Meyer, Susan. 2008. Artemisia L. P. 274-280. In: F. T. Bonner and R. P. Karrfelt (editors).					
	Woody Plant Seed Manual. Agric. Handbook No. 727. Washington, DC. U.S.					
seed/ft²	Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. 1223 p.					
1.8-3.6 PLS	Schuman, G. E., M. C. Mortenson, and L. E. Vicklund. 2012. Effects of Wyoming big					
	sagebrush seeding rate and grass competition on long-term density and canopy					
Ibs/acre	volume of big sagebrush and wildlife habitat.					

Monitoring Results in Utah

- 58 monitoring plots where sagebrush was seeded
 - <5% cover
- Pre-treatment and post treatment
- Wyoming big sage seeded on 54 of 58
- Line intercept method



13 12 11 Х 10 9 Percent Sagebrush Cover 8 7 6 5 Ē 4 3 TT. Ò 2 Ť 1 í, 0 2 3 5 7 8 10 15 0 1 4 6 9 11 12 13 14 Years since treatment (N=5) (6) (35) (13) (13) (5) (11) (20) (1) (1) (1) ◆ Aerator □Bullhog ▲ Chaining + Disc ★ Drill ★ Fire ● Aerial Only ● Push

Sagebrush Cover After Seeding at 58 Trend Studies in Utah

Max Recorded Sagebrush Cover



Big Cedar Cove 2003 16.8% cover

The Brack water

2008 Burned in 2007 Milford Flat seeded at 0.13 PLS/ac

2011

2013 1.6% cover Salt Mtn Stockpond Burned in Big Pole Fire 2009, 0.08 PLS lbs/acre

Salt Mtn Stockpond 0% cover 3 years after fire

Hop Creek Burned in Salt Creek Fire 2007, 0.16 PLS Ibs/acre

Hop Creek 0% cover 5 years after fire

Little Donkey Sprayed and Drilled, 0.17 PLS Ibs/acre 10.21% cover 8 years after treatment

Blacktail Chaining 0.20 PLS lbs/acre 1.01% cover 7 years after treatment

Greenville Bench Bullhog 0.03 PLS lbs/acre 1.95% cover 7 years after treatment

Wildcat Push 0.15 PLS Ibs/acre 0.63% cover 3 years after treatment

Why Such Limited Success?

- Are our seeding techniques wrong?
 Rates, Timing, Seeding Method
- Is the source of seed appropriate?
 - Can we better verify what is on the seed tag?





Sagebrush Seeding Research Studies With No Success

- Cheatgrass restoration
 - Imazipic and various seeding methods (2011)
- Seeding Rate Studies
 - Various rates on two fires (2013)
- Ephraim Farm (2014)
 - Various rates
 - 2 application dates







Expanded Timing and Rate Study 2015-16

- Two locations (3 reps per location)
- 12 rates (0.1-5 PLS lbs/ac)
- 10 seeding dates
 Nov 17 Mar 21 (every two weeks)
- Soil disturbed prior to seedling with a harrow
- Additional roller packer treatment prior to snowfall





Initial Results – Seeding Rates



Density by Seeding Date





Year One Observations

- Highly successful seeding dates in November when seed had good soil contact prior to winter-long snow cover
- No difference in establishment for roller packing
 - Replicated with more treatment dates in 2016
- The more you seed the more you get

- We will monitor persistence past the first winter

Seed Source Do we have the right seed?

Species or subspecies	Crown	Leaf shape	Leaf margin ^a	Plant architecture ^b	Layering	Preferred soil mineralogy and soil temperature	Color of sage/water solution under UV light ^c	Flowering begins
Basin big sagebrush	Uneven	Long and narrow	Straight	Y shaped, erect	No	Deep, well drained; aridic-mesic	Colorless	Late August
Mountain big sagebrush	Even	Broadly cuneate	Tapered	U shaped, basal branching	No	Well drained, frigid-cryic	Strong bluish white	July, (<6 flowers/ inflorescense)
Wyoming big sagebrush	Uneven	Belled	Bell shaped	U shaped	No	Shallow to moderately deep soil, aridic	Colorless	August



Utah Crop Improvement Association, Utah State University, 4855 Old Main Hill, Logan, UT 84322-4855 Tel: (435)797-2082

Member of Association of Official Seed Certifying Agencies

Seed Source

- Can we verify subspecies from seed?
- UV test
- Seed weights (Richardson 2015)



Other Questions

- Where is it appropriate to move sagebrush seed?
 - Seed transfer zones for big sagebrush Bryce Richardson
- Can we develop technology to better hedge our bets?
 - Seed coating technologies Matt Madsen BYU
- Does anything other than the correct weather condition matter?
 - Sagebrush is established in episodic events (Perryman 2001)

Thank You



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This and additional presentations available at http://nativeseed.info





