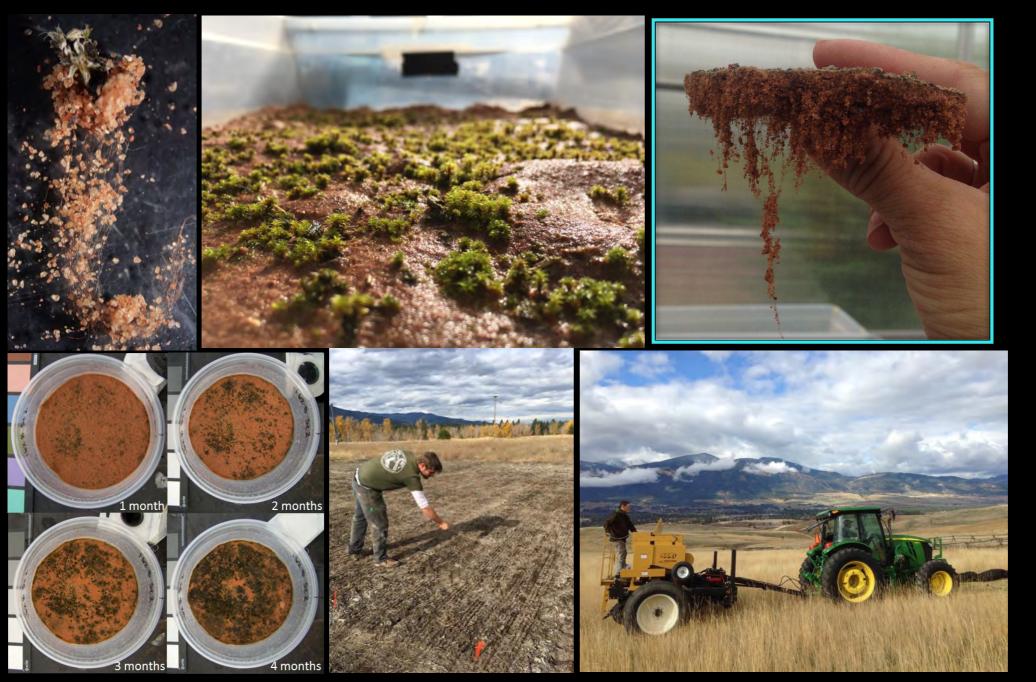
Soils rehabilitation with biocrusts: A review of current technologies

Kyle Doherty, Matthew Bowker, Anita Antoninka, Henry Grover, Kristina Young, Rebecca Durham

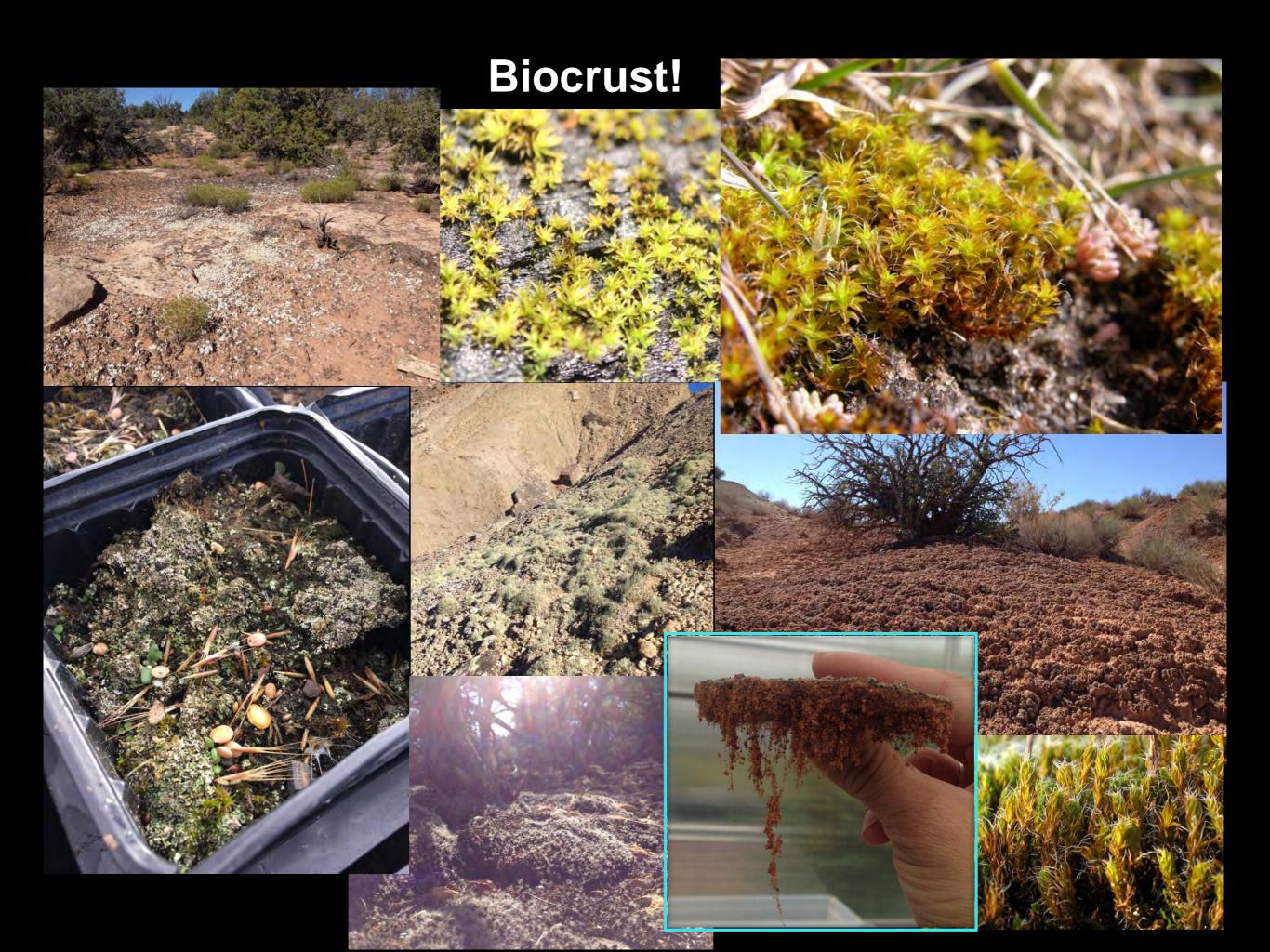




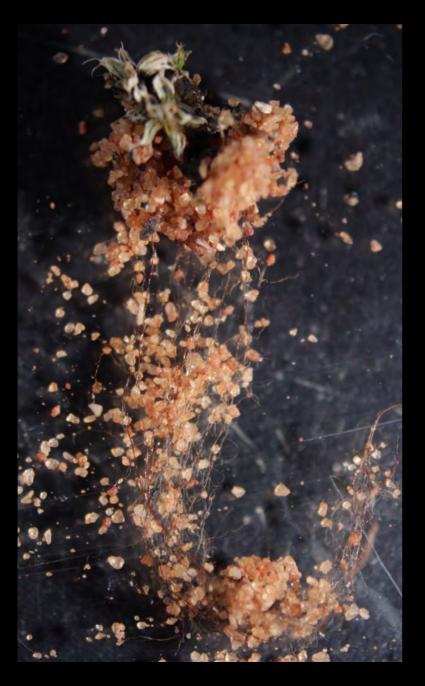


Roadmap

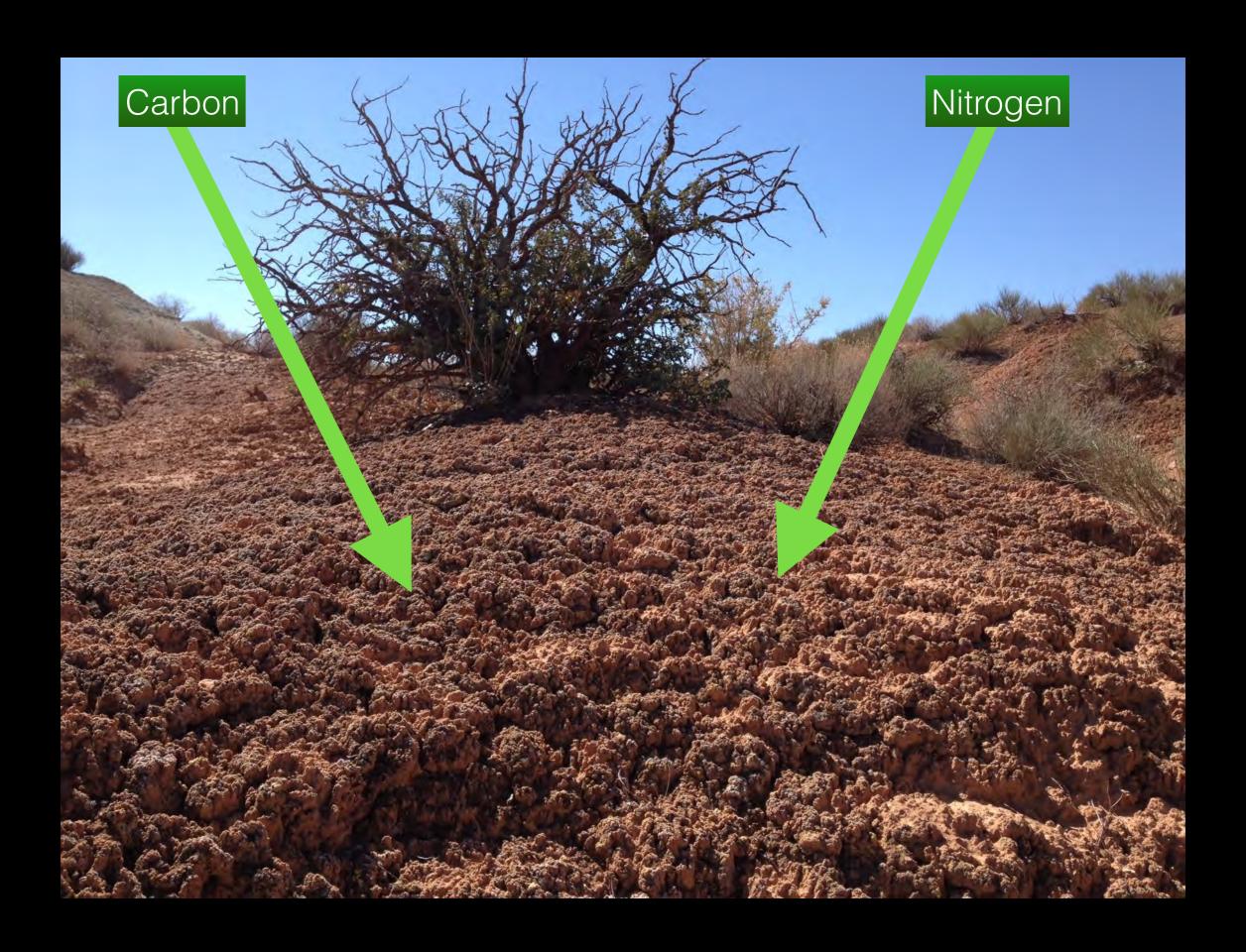
- Intro: What are biocrusts?
- Advances in propagation
- Hardening and establishment
- Importance of timing treatments
- Ongoing projects and future directions

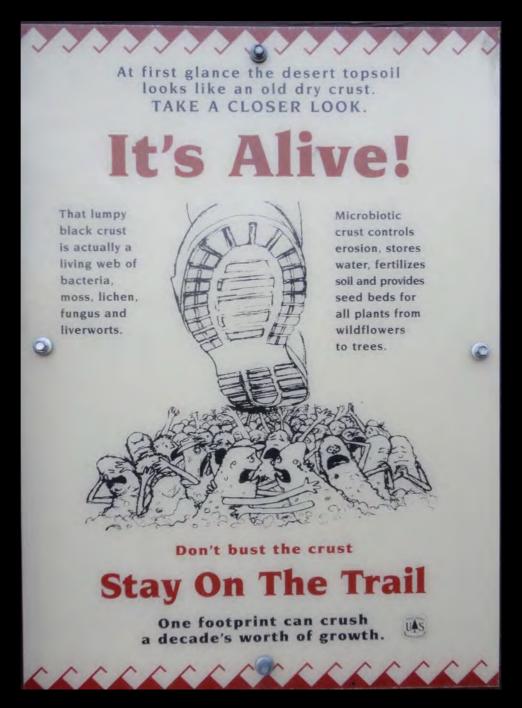


Soil Stabilization









...but I heard they grow slowly?

Forest and Rangeland Soil Ecology Lab Group





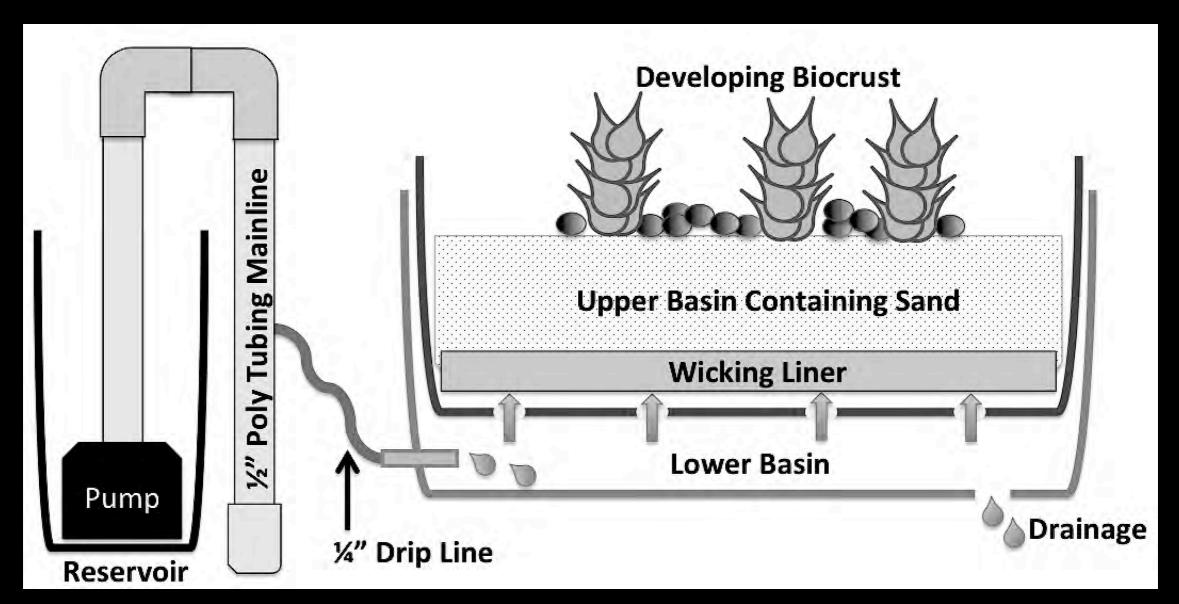
School of Forestry

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Propagation



Doherty et al. 2015

THE BRYOTRON



Experiments with Syntrichia ruralis

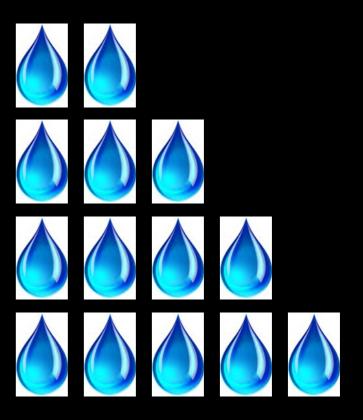


5 Populations

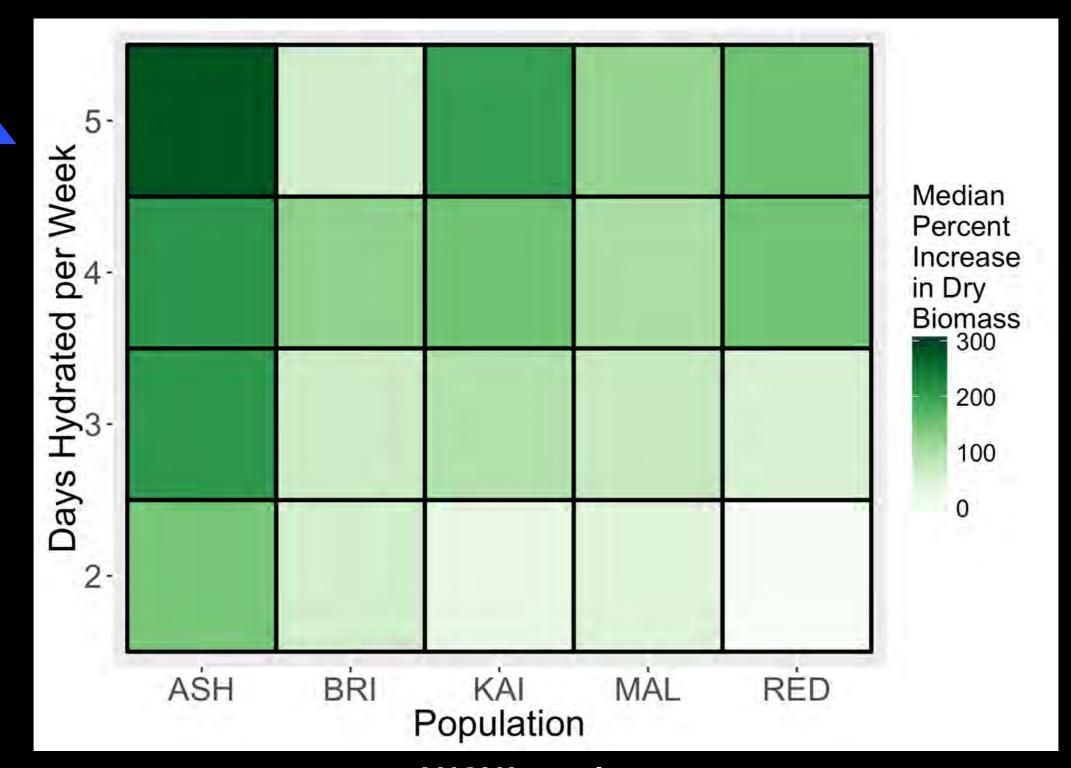




Days per week hydrated





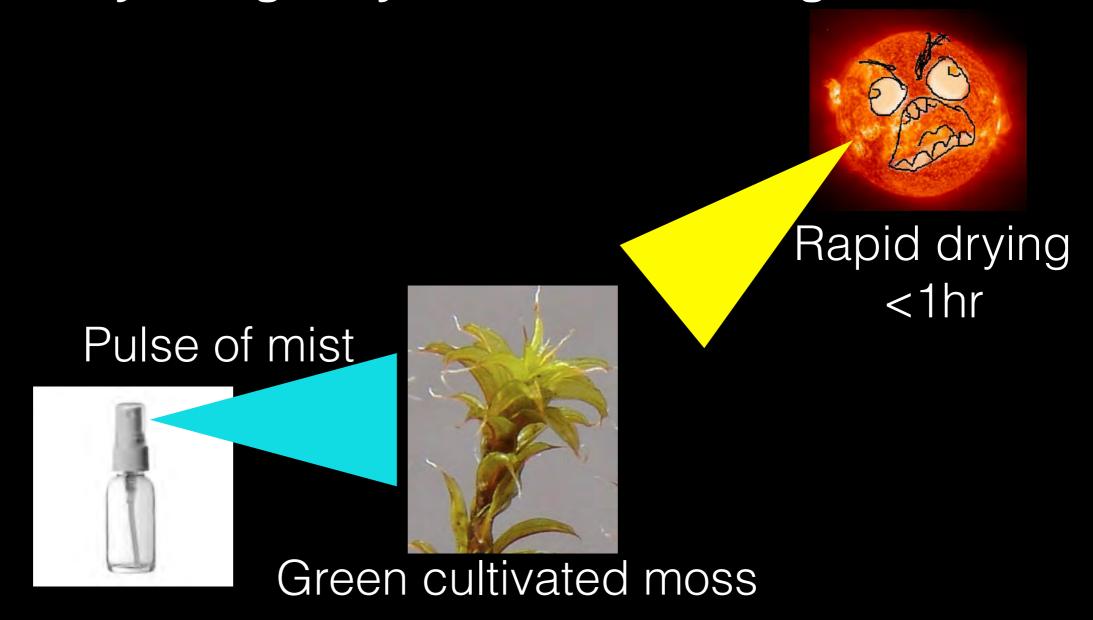


ANOVA result

Effect	DF	F-value	<i>p</i> -value
Population	4	7.9242	<0.0001
Hydration	3	29.5009	<0.0001
Interaction	12	2.2048	0.0244

(5 month exp.)

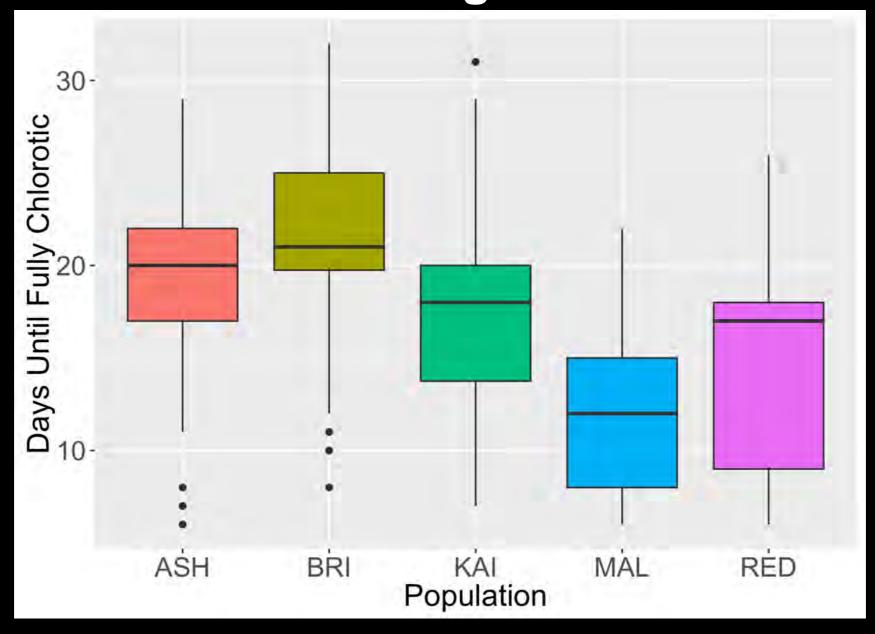
Physiologically stressful watering



Measured how many spritzes until yellowing?

Experiment performed by our technician Jeff Wright

Yes, differential acclimation/adaptation to watering stress



Effect	DF	F-value	p-value
Population	4	8.5496	4.946E-06 ***
Prior Watering	3	1.4229	0.2401
Interaction	12	1.1358	0.3394

Prior watering from first experiment had no effect!

FIG WOSS





Bryum argenteum



Funaria hygrometrica



Ceratodon purpureus

Potential applications: Burned Area Emergency Response (BAER)



Sandy or Organic Soils

Ash, charcoal, or both

Two Species



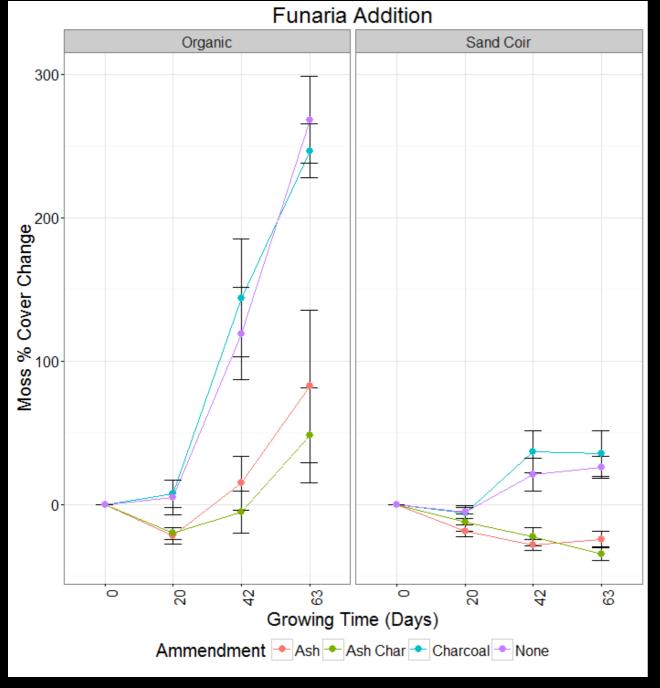




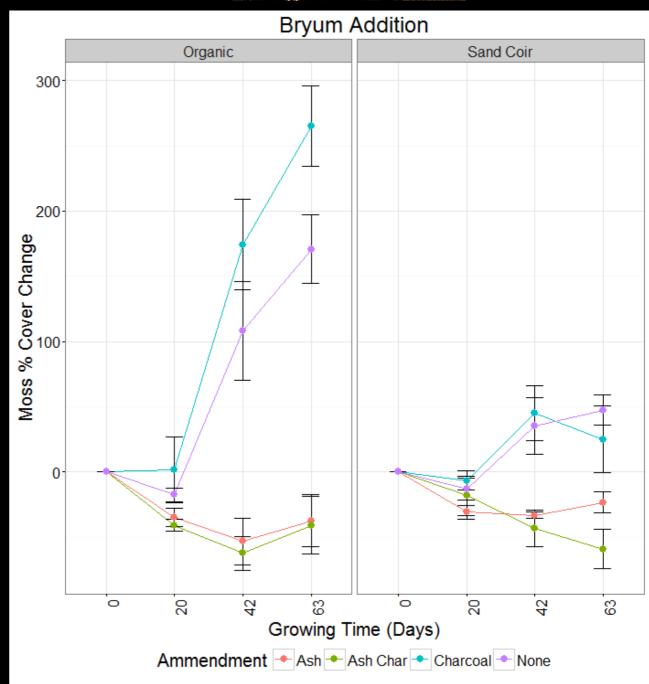












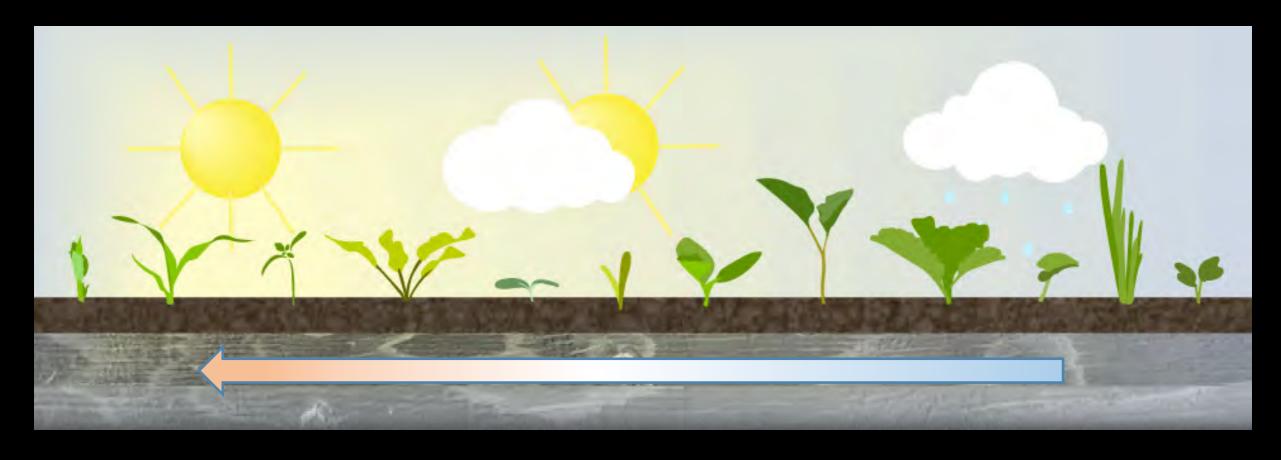
Early on we established:

- We can rapidly cultivate diverse and functional biocrusts from most starting material
- Optimal culture conditions vary depending upon the organism and system



Hardening and Field Establishment

Maximizing field hardiness



As with nursery plants, biocrust might need some help adapting from the luxurious greenhouse conditions to the harsh field conditions

How well does our inoculum survive in the field?



4 watering treatments (2,3,4,5 days continuous hydration; from Antoninka et al. 2015)

Hardening for 21 days:

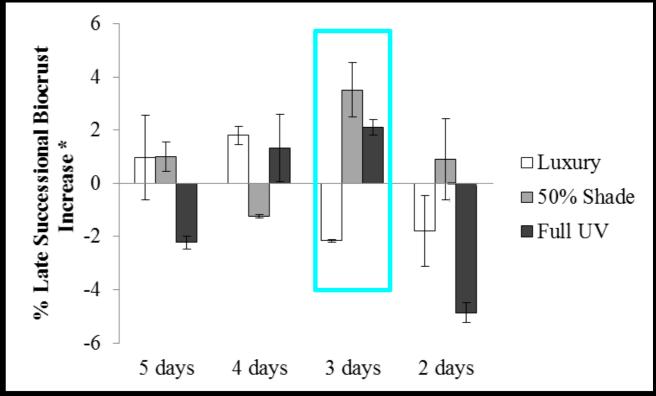
- 1. Luxury (GH conditions, 24 hours water)
- 2. Full UV and 2-3 hours hydration
- 3. ½ UV 2-3 hours hydration





Best results with outdoor hardening and short duration watering during cultivation period

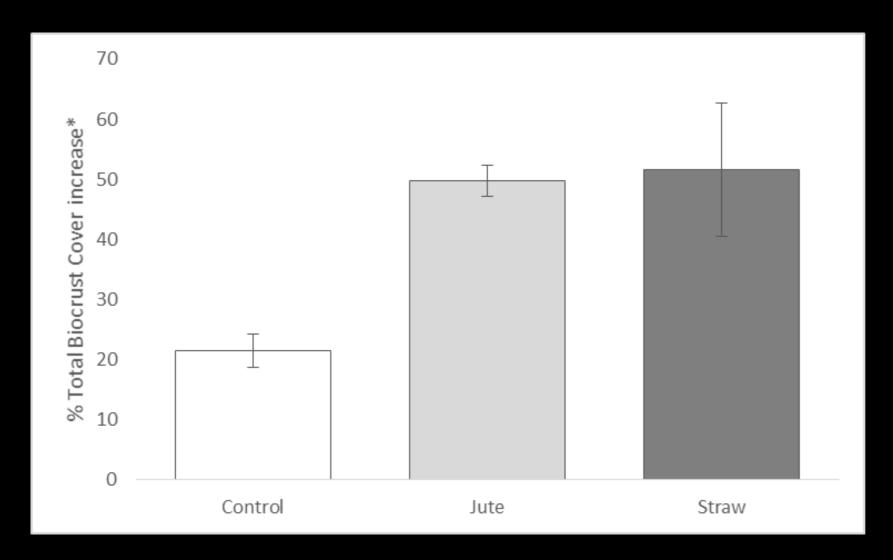




*Total cover-inoculum addition-cover in control plots

Results so far:

1. Jute and Straw improved biocrust establishment



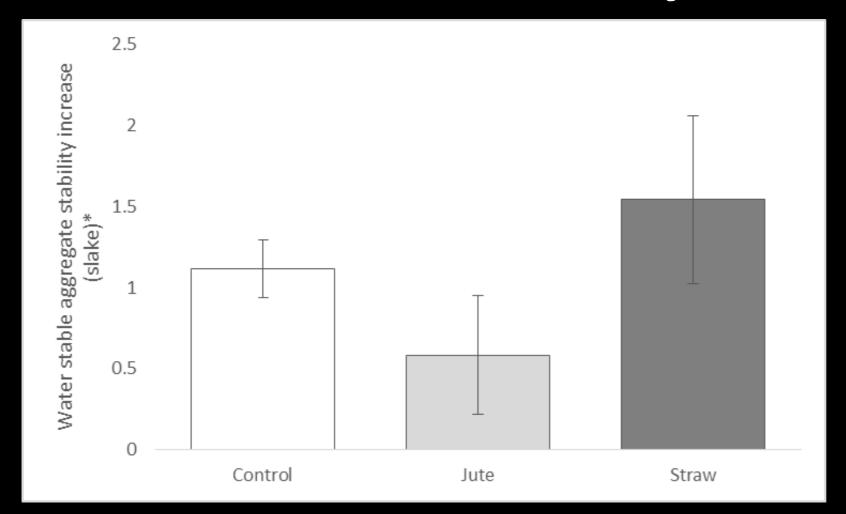
*Total cover-inoculum addition-cover in control plots



Results so far:

1. Jute and Straw improved biocrust establishment

2. Straw better for stability

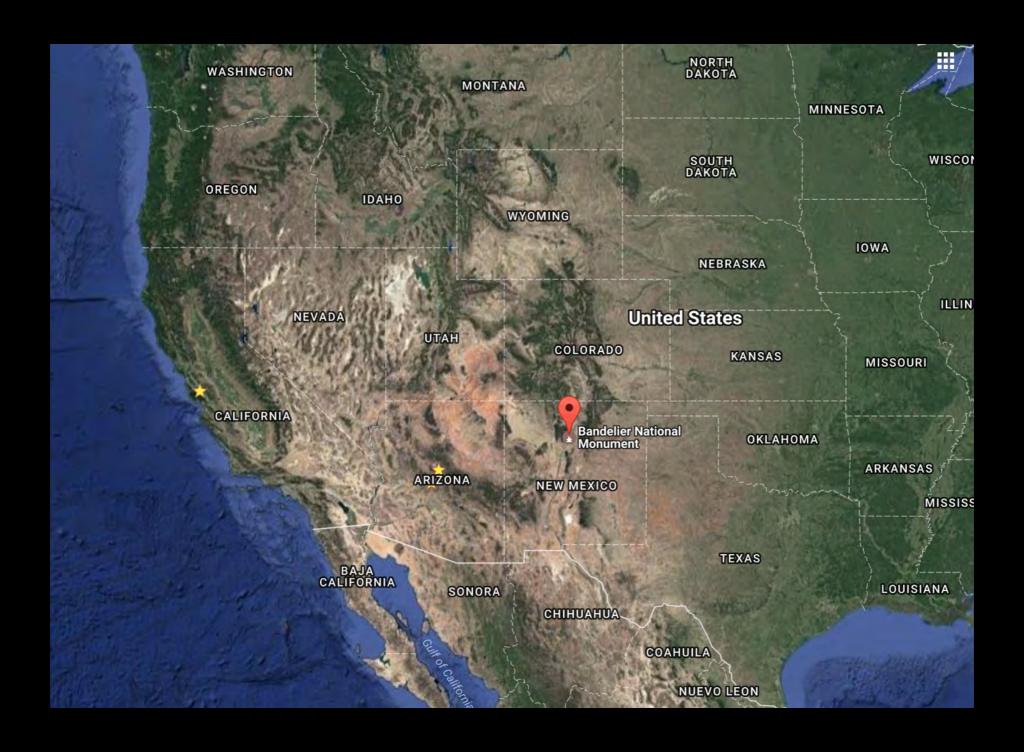






Timing

Bandelier National Monument





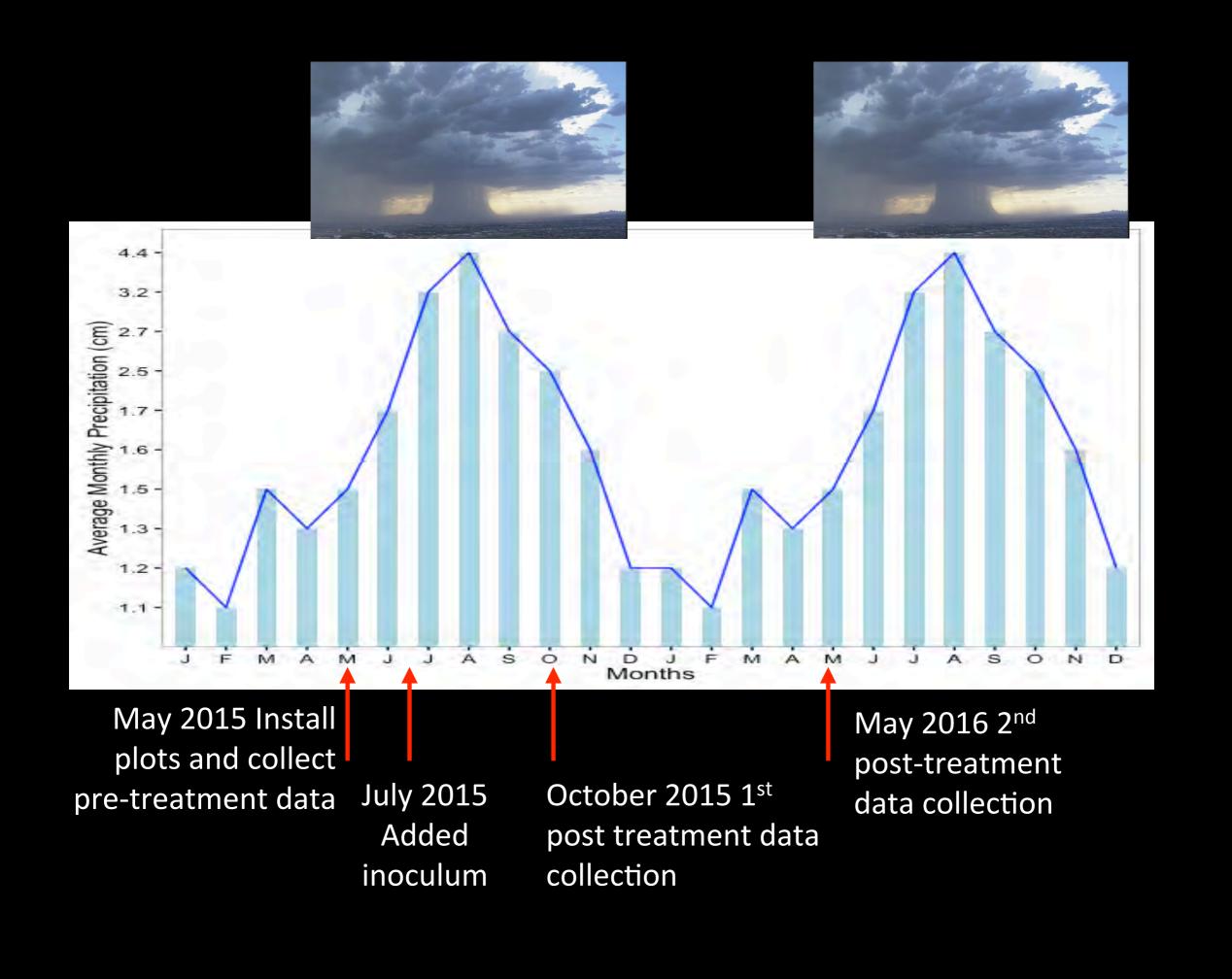
History of Bandelier National Monument, NM











Results

We saw no biocrust growth 11 months after we applied inoculum

We saw no increase in soil stability related to our treatments of flashing, slashing, and seeding

We saw large seasonal changes in soil quality and stability unrelated to our treatments.

This is a <u>very dynamic</u> system

Future Directions

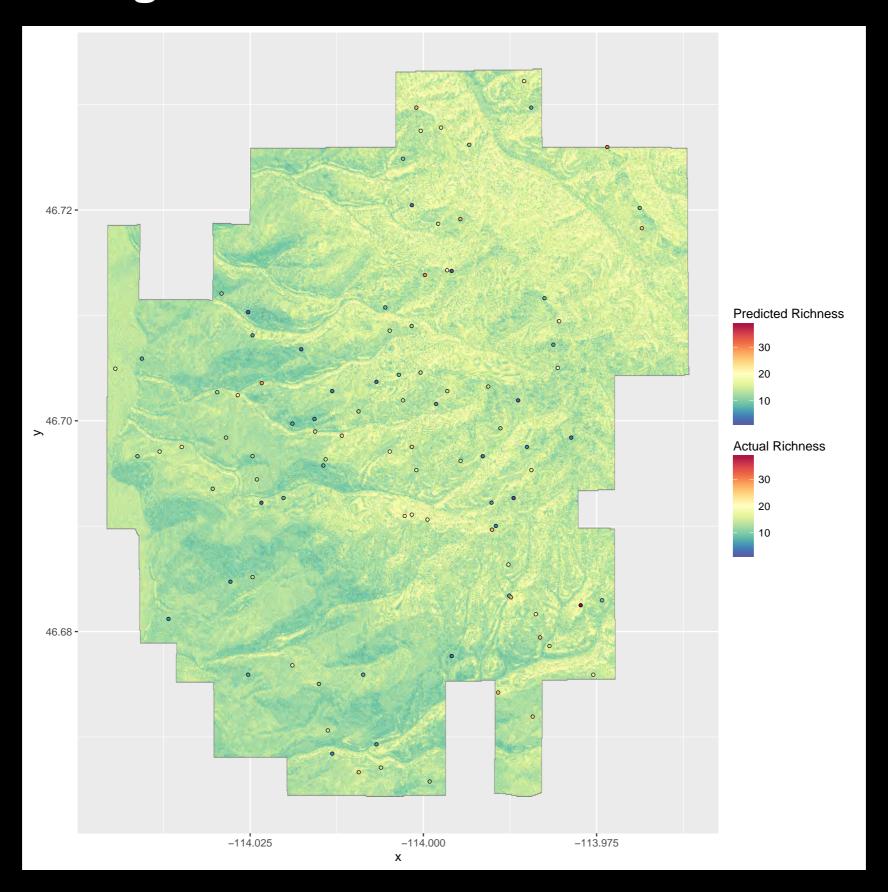
Delivery mechanisms



Exploring effects on vascular plants

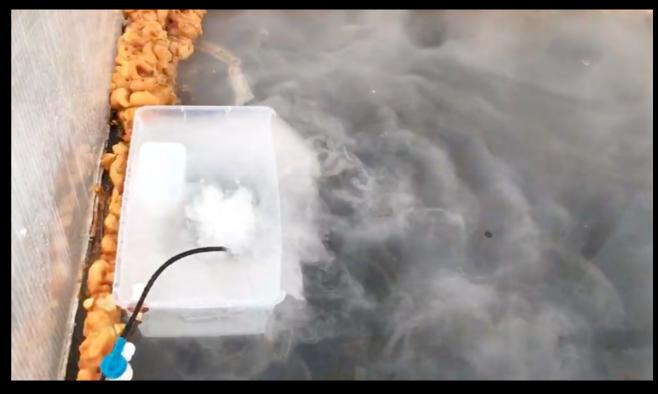


Modeling biocrust abundance and richness



Fogponics









Takeaways

- Yes we can grow biocrust components rapidly
- We are approaching biocrusts from a plant materials mentality, mosses are plants too!
- Biocrusts are essential to ecosystem function in western US, please include them in management and funding strategies

Acknowledgements

NAU

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